

# **GP-PU Progress Report :**

**Overseas Visiting/Axion Portal Monopole Dark Matter**

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# Content of my Progress Report

- **Required Credits**
- **Overseas Visiting**
- **My recent research**

# Required Credits

## ● GPPU seminar

- GSP 12 + GASP 6 (18/30)

## ● Overseas visiting

- Germany 5w + Taiwan 3w + Italy 3w (11w/12w)

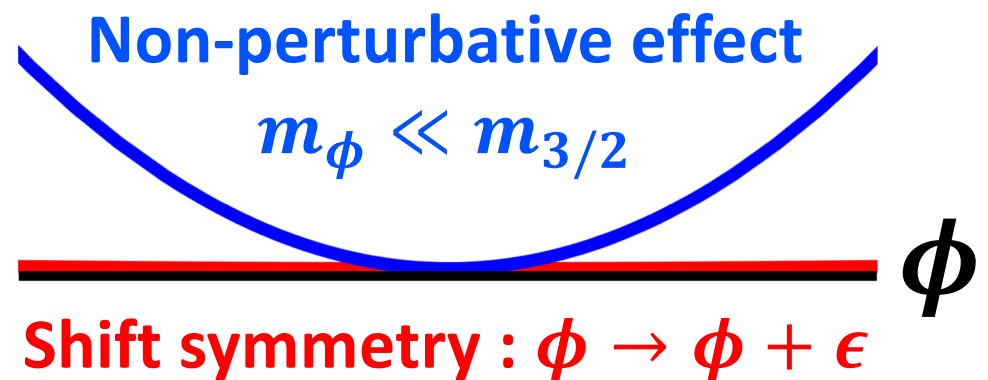
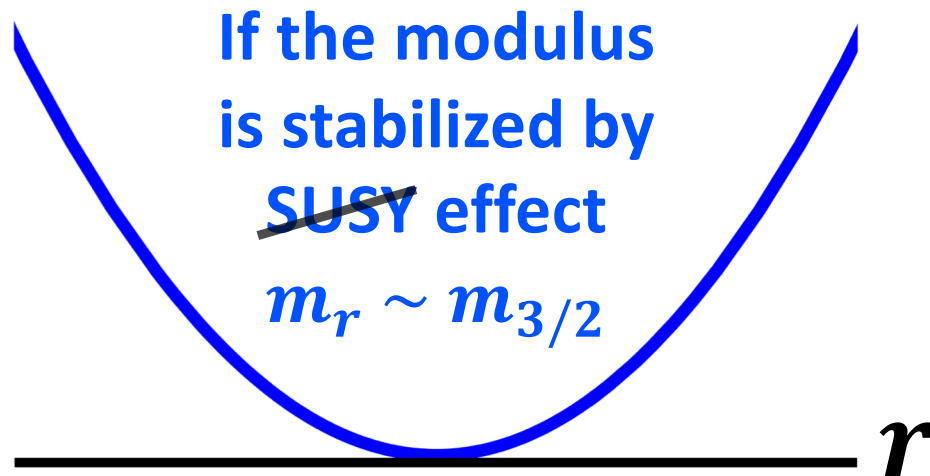
# Overseas Visiting

- **NCTS (National Center for Theoretical Sciences), Taiwan**
  - ✓ 12/26/2018 ~ 01/03/2019 (1 week)
  - ✓ The 5th International Workshop on Dark Matter, Dark Energy and Matter-antimatter Asymmetry (Fo Guang Shan, Kaohsiung)
- **GGI (Galileo Galilei Institute), Florence, Italy**
  - ✓ 01/06/2019 ~ 01/27/2019 (3 weeks)
  - ✓ GGI lectures on the theory of fundamental interactions

# Modulus Field

- String theory predicts many **light scalar moduli fields** through compactification.
- In SUSY, a modulus forms a chiral supermultiplet,  $X$ .

$$X = r + i\phi \quad \text{Axion}$$



# Moduli Abundance

- We consider only one (string) axion  $\phi$  with a potential

$$V(\phi) \simeq \frac{1}{2} m_\phi^2 \phi^2$$

- At  $H(t_{\text{osc}}) \approx m_\phi \longrightarrow \rho_{\phi, \text{ini}} \simeq \frac{1}{2} m_\phi^2 \phi_{\text{ini}}^2$

$$\Omega_\phi h^2 = \frac{\rho_{\phi, \text{ini}}}{\rho_c} \frac{s_0}{s} h^2 \simeq \begin{cases} 3.0 \times 10^{10} \left( \frac{g_{\star, \text{osc}}}{106.75} \right)^{-1/4} \left( \frac{m_\phi}{0.1 \text{ GeV}} \right)^{1/2} \left( \frac{\phi_{\text{ini}}}{10^{16} \text{ GeV}} \right)^2 & \Gamma_{\text{inf}} > m_\phi \\ 2.5 \times 10 \left( \frac{T_{\text{RH}}}{20 \text{ MeV}} \right) \left( \frac{\phi_{\text{ini}}}{10^{16} \text{ GeV}} \right)^2 & \Gamma_{\text{inf}} < m_\phi \end{cases}$$

The axion abundance  $\Omega_\phi$  can be suppressed if  $\phi_{\text{ini}}$  is sufficiently small.

# Cosmological Moduli Problem (CMP)

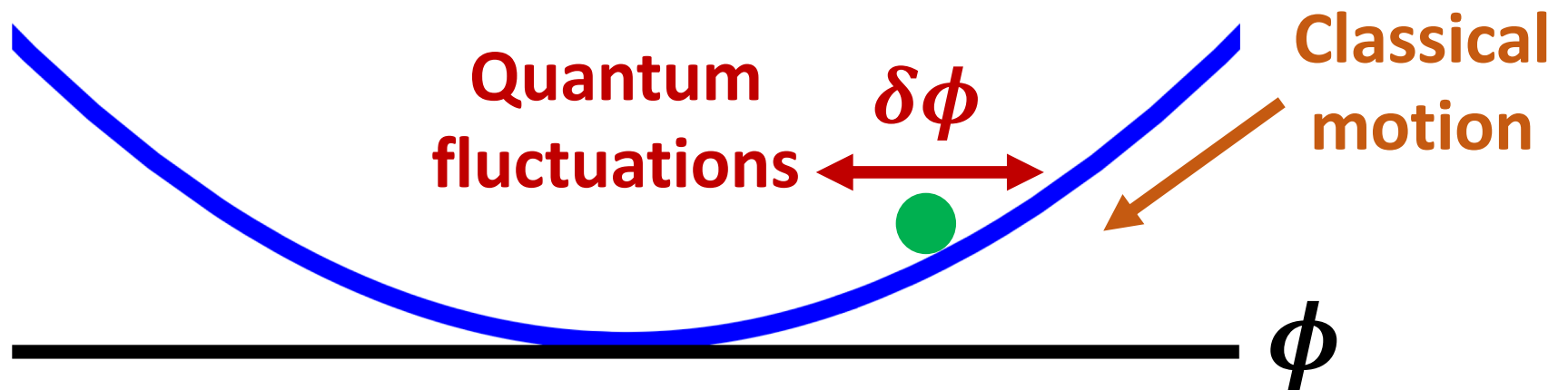
- If the modulus is **stable** on a cosmological scale.
  - ✓ Its abundance may exceed the observed DM density.
- If the modulus is **unstable** and can decay into **photons**.
  - ✓ It may spoil the success of big bang nucleosynthesis (BBN) due to the **photo-dissociation** of the light elements.
  - ✓ It may overproduce **X-ray or gamma-ray** fluxes.

 **moduli problem in cosmology**

# Bunch-Davies Distribution

Bunch & Davies '78

- Suppose that the axion already acquires its mass (or potential) **during inflation**.
- The quantum diffusion prevents the axion from falling into the potential minimum.





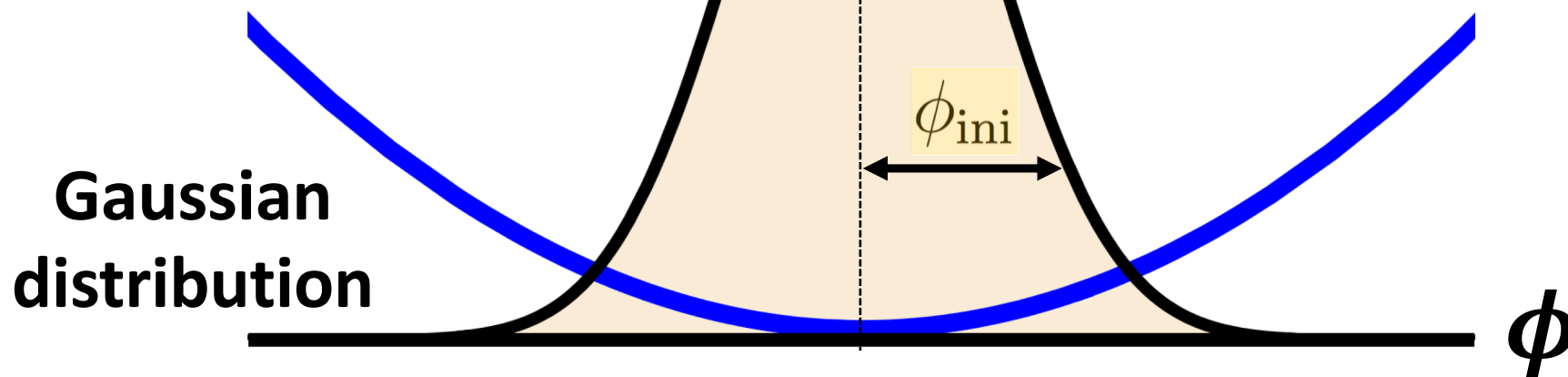
# Bunch-Davies Distribution

Bunch & Davies '78

Quantum fluctuations  $\longleftrightarrow$  Classical motion

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_{\text{ini}} &\simeq \sqrt{\langle 0 | \delta\phi^2 | 0 \rangle} \\ &\simeq \sqrt{\frac{3}{8\pi^2} \frac{H_{\text{inf}}^2}{m_\phi}}\end{aligned}$$

The axion knows where the minimum is in a probabilistic way.



# The Axion Abundance with BD Distribution

- The energy density of the axion with BD distribution

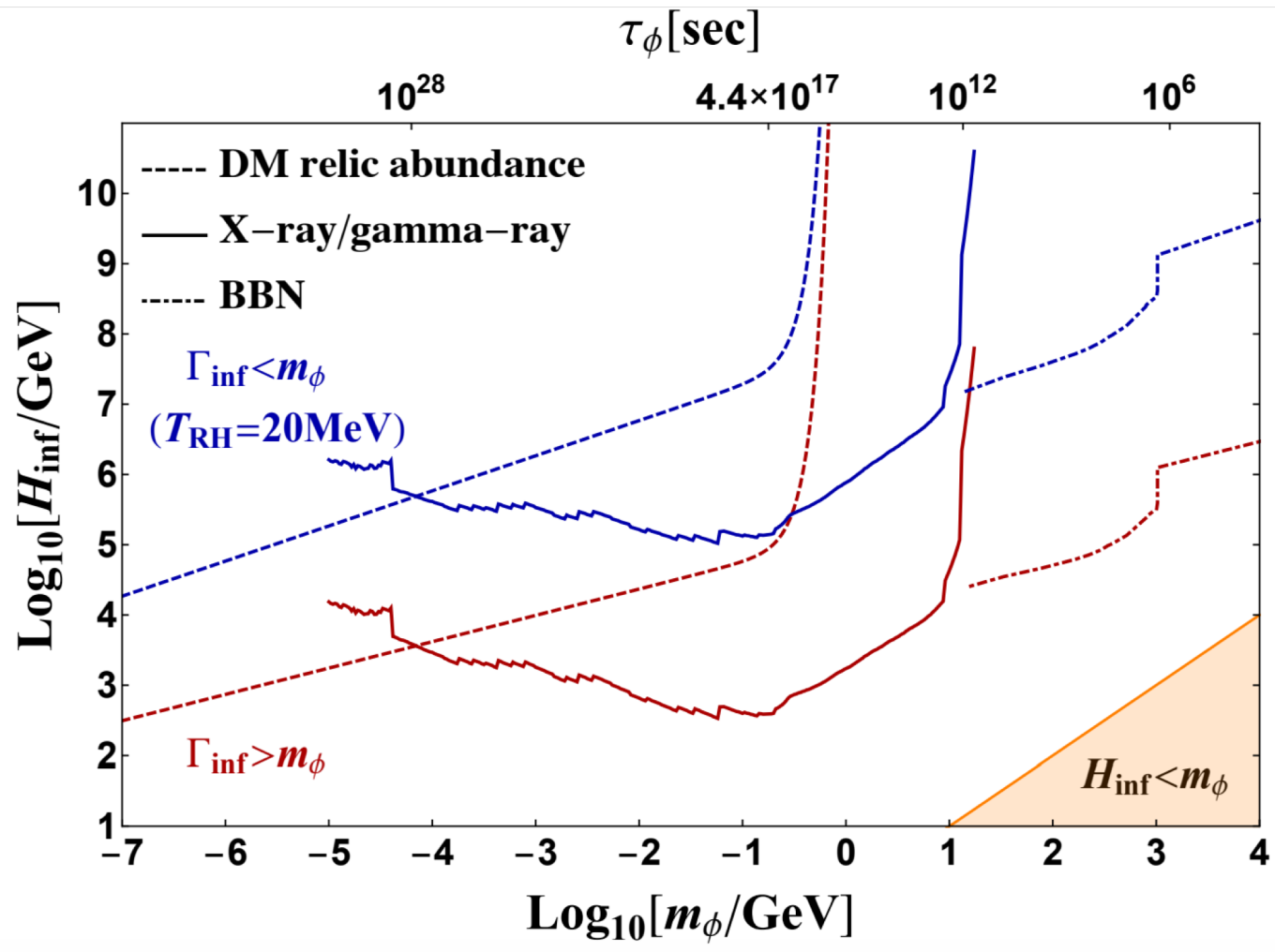
$$\phi_{\text{ini}} \simeq \sqrt{\frac{3}{8\pi^2} \frac{H_{\text{inf}}^2}{m_\phi}} \quad \longrightarrow \quad \rho_{\phi, \text{ini}} \simeq \frac{3}{16\pi^2} H_{\text{inf}}^4 \quad H(t_{\text{osc}}) \approx m_\phi$$

- The axionic moduli problem is relaxed if  $H_{\text{inf}} \ll \sqrt{m_\phi f_\phi}$ .

$$\Omega_\phi h^2 \simeq \begin{cases} 1.1 \times 10^{-20} \text{ GeV} \left( \frac{g_{\star, \text{osc}}}{106.75} \right)^{-1/4} \left( \frac{m_\phi}{0.1 \text{ GeV}} \right)^{-3/2} \left( \frac{H_{\text{inf}}}{\text{GeV}} \right)^4 & \Gamma_{\text{inf}} > m_\phi \\ 9.6 \times 10^{-31} \text{ GeV} \left( \frac{T_{\text{RH}}}{20 \text{ MeV}} \right) \left( \frac{m_\phi}{0.1 \text{ GeV}} \right)^{-2} \left( \frac{H_{\text{inf}}}{\text{GeV}} \right)^4 & \Gamma_{\text{inf}} < m_\phi \end{cases}$$

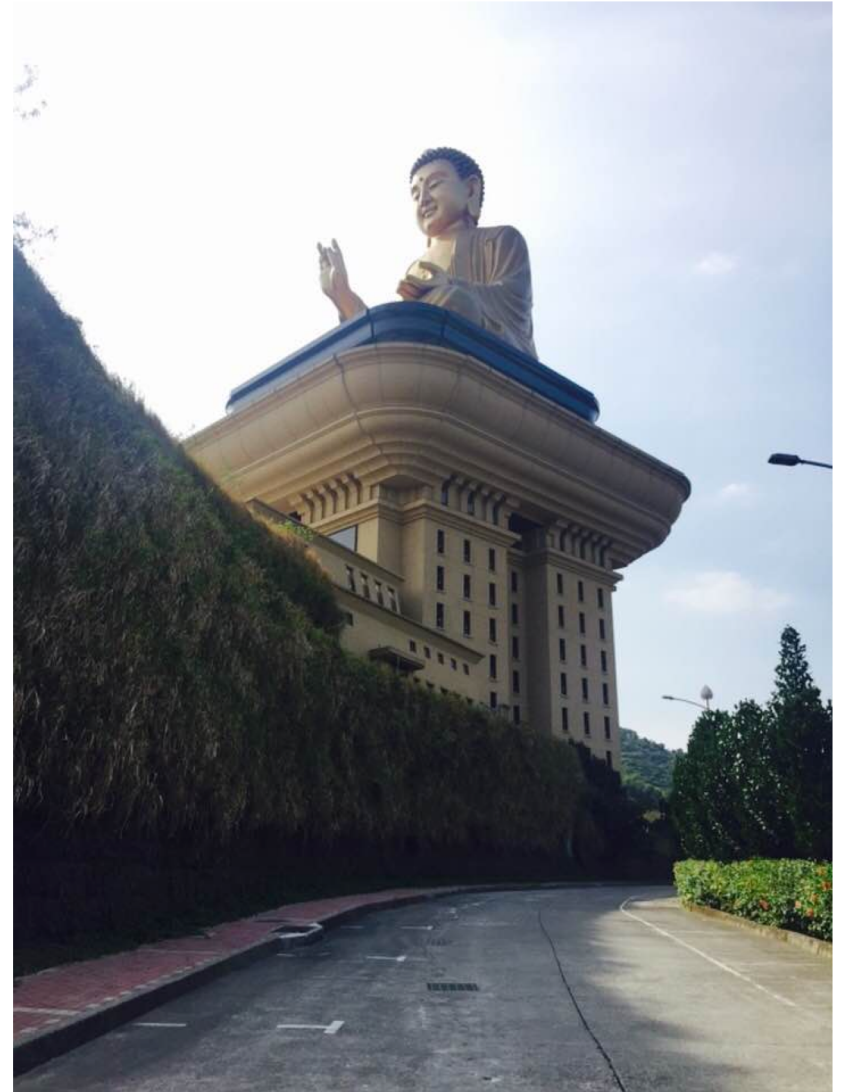
One can suppress  $\Omega_\phi$  by low inflation scale

# Upper Bound on $H_{\text{inf}}$ for Solving CMP



# Overseas Visiting

## Fo Guang Shan (佛光山)

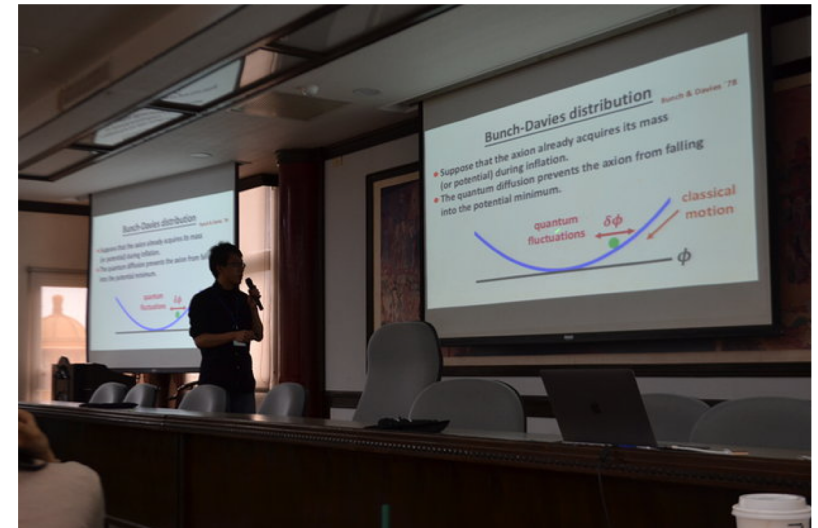
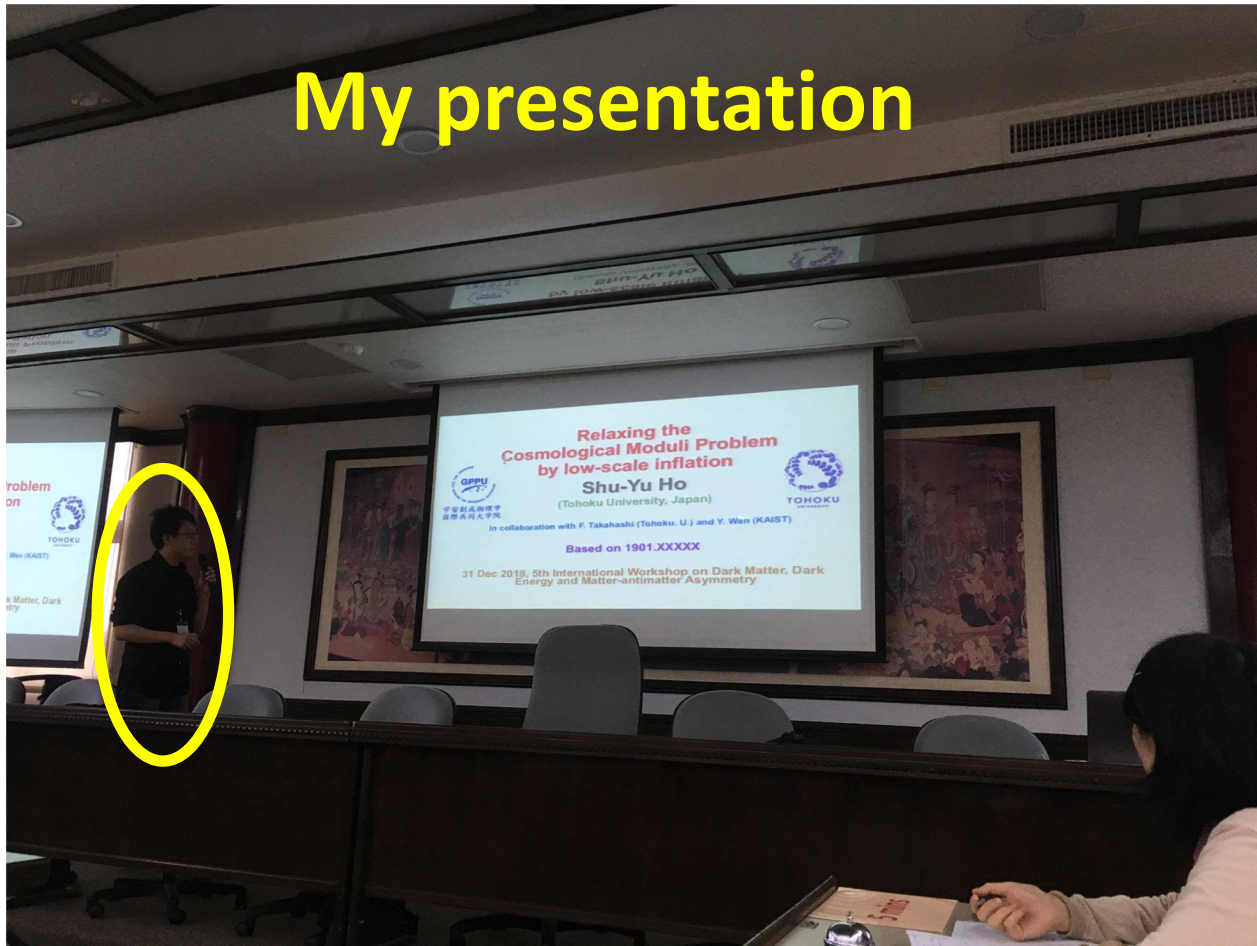


# Overseas Visiting

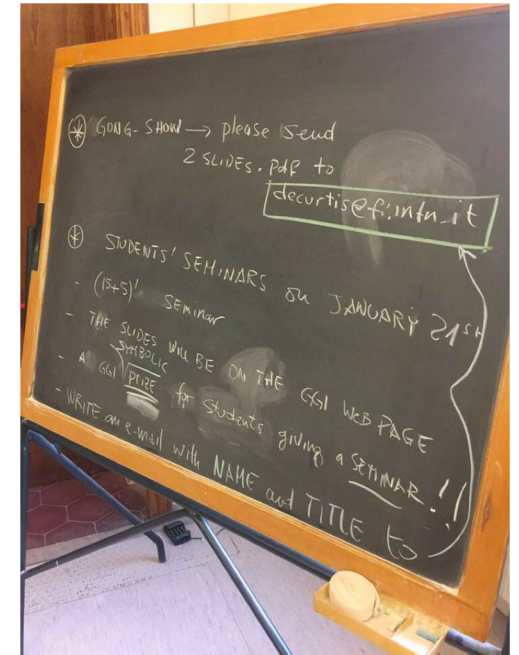


# Overseas Visiting

## My presentation



# Overseas Visiting



# Overseas Visiting



**GGI symbolic prize  
(GGI T-shirt + pen)**

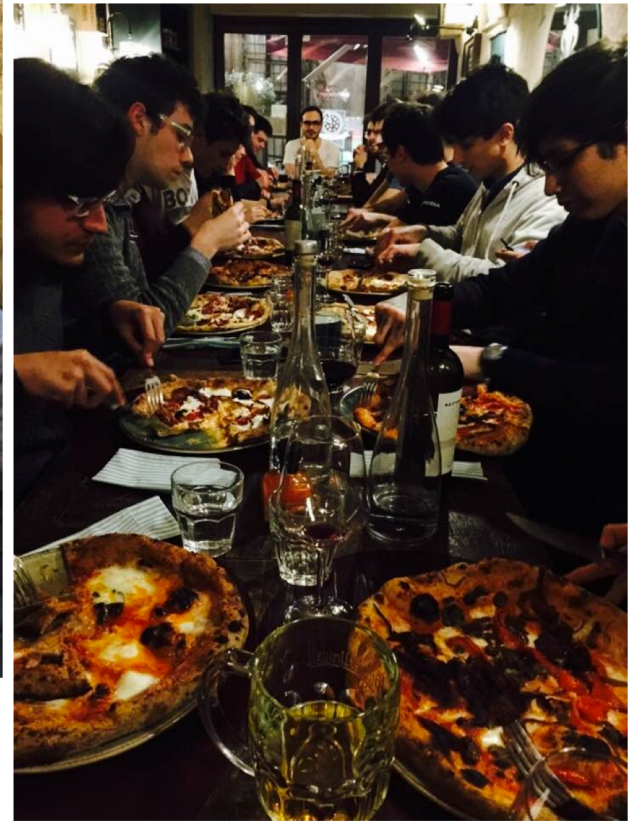




# Overseas Visiting



**New last supper**



# Overseas Visiting



# **Resonant instabilities in cosmology and their observational consequences**

**Yukawa Institute for Theoretical Physics, Kyoto University  
May 7 - 20, 2019**

## **Program**

### **May 14 (Day 1) at Panasonic Auditorium, Yukawa Hall**

**9:50 - 10:00**    **Opening remarks**  
                  **Jiro Soda (Kobe University)**

**Chair: Jiro Soda**

**10:00 - 11:00**    **Peter Adshead (University of Illinois)**  
                  **Inflation with non-Abelian gauge fields and the origin of the matter-antimatter asymmetry**

**11:00 - 11:30**    **Kohei Kamada (RESCEU, University of Tokyo)**  
                  **Magnetogenesis for Baryogenesis from Axion Inflation**

**11:30 - 12:00**    **Teerthal Patel (Nagoya University)**  
**(20+10)**            **Resonant magnetic field generation from axions**

**12:00 - 12:30**    **Shu-Yu Ho (Tohoku University)**  
**(20+10)**            **Relaxing the Cosmological Moduli Problem by Low-scale Inflation**

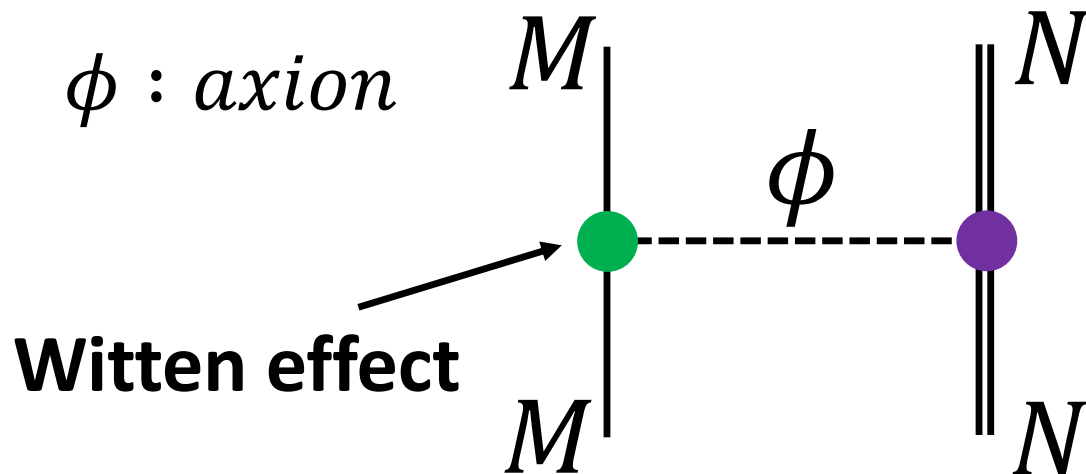
# My recent research

- **Axion portal (hidden) monopole dark matter (DM):**

- ✓ The monopoles with mass around **1-10 PeV** can account for the observed DM.

Murayama, Shu 0905.1720

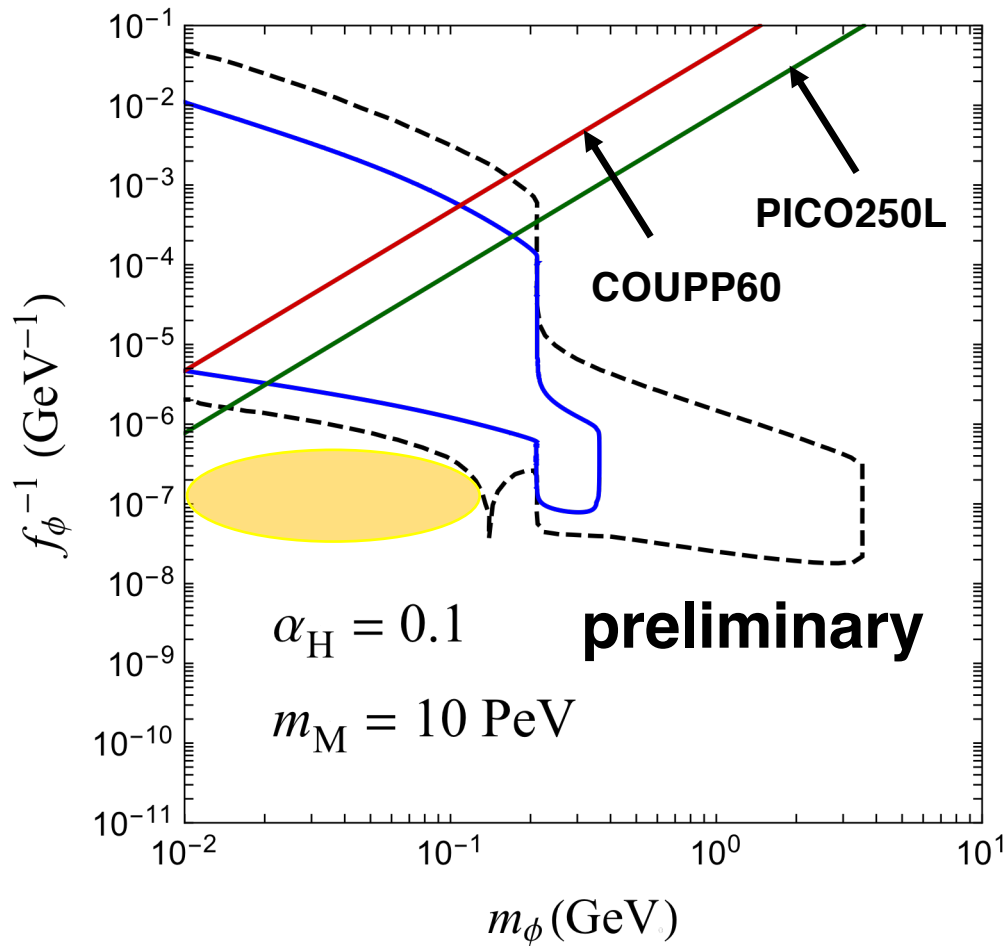
- ✓ The monopole DM can couple to nucleon via **axion portal**.



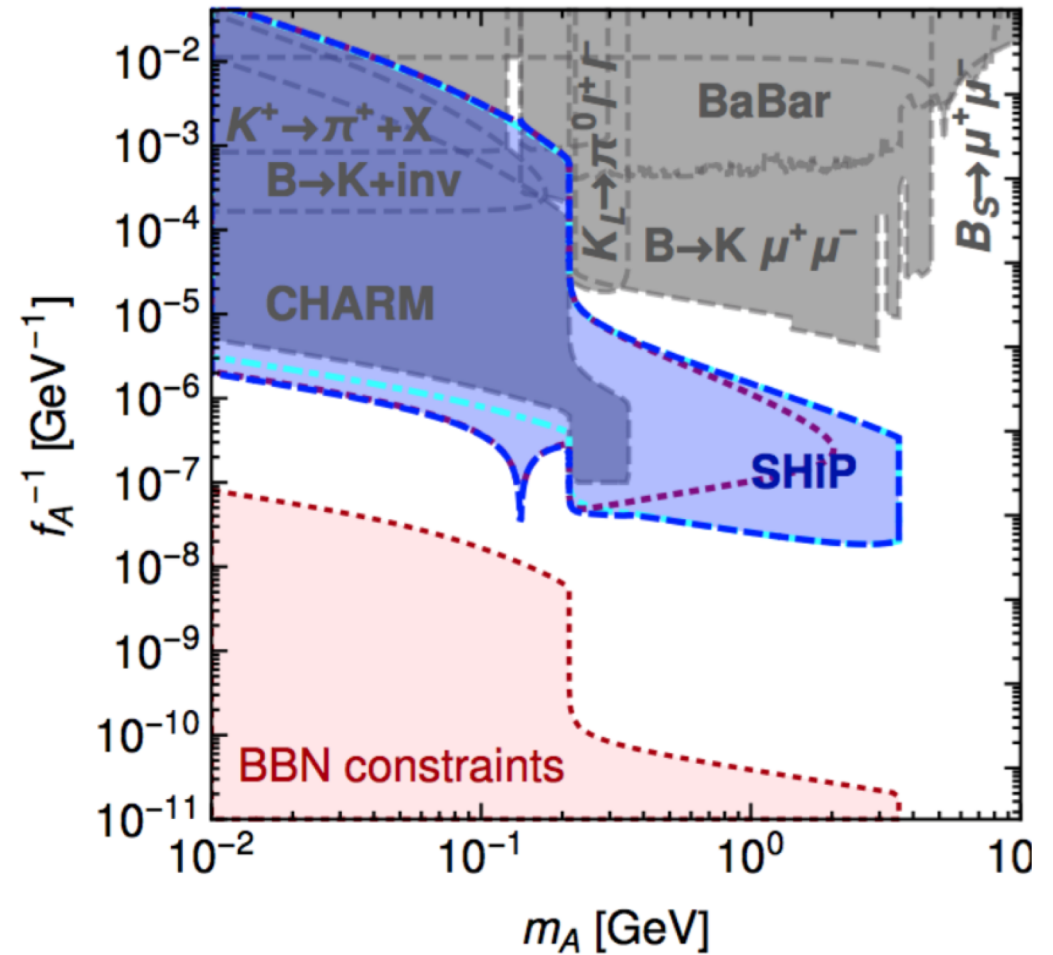
$$H_{\phi-N} = \int d^3x \left( g_{\phi N} \phi \bar{\psi}_N \gamma^5 \psi_N \right)$$

$$g_{\phi N} = C_{\phi N} \frac{m_N}{f_\phi}$$

# My recent research



Sergey Alekhin (DESY & Serpukhov, IHEP) et al.. 16'



# My recent research

