

Lepton Flavor Universality tests
with inclusive $B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$ decays at Belle II

GP-PU Progress Status Presentation
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Lepton Flavor Universality (LFU) : e, μ, τ are identical, except for masses

LFU tests in B meson decay

$$R_{K^{(*)}} \equiv \frac{\text{Br} \left[B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \mu^+ \mu^- \right]}{\text{Br} \left[B \rightarrow K^{(*)} e^+ e^- \right]}$$

Standard Model expectation : $R_K \simeq R_{K^*} \simeq 1.00$

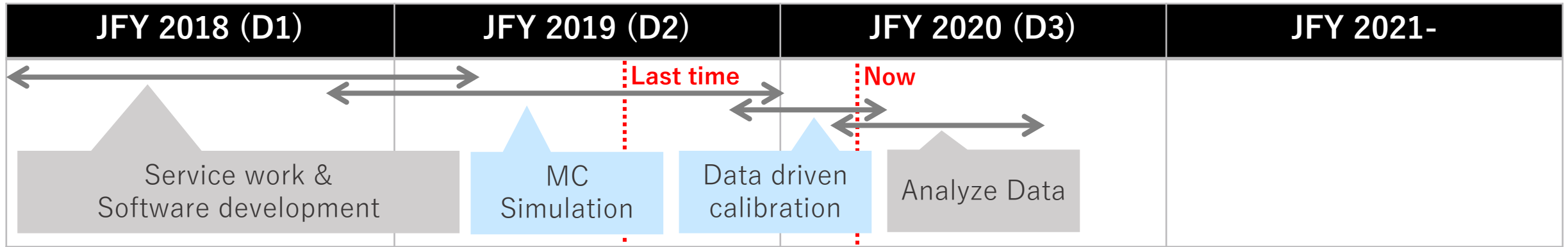
Latest results in LHCb :

$$R_K = 0.846_{-0.054}^{+0.060}(\text{stat.})_{-0.014}^{+0.016}(\text{syst.}),$$

$$R_{K^*} = 0.69_{-0.07}^{+0.11}(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.05(\text{syst.})$$

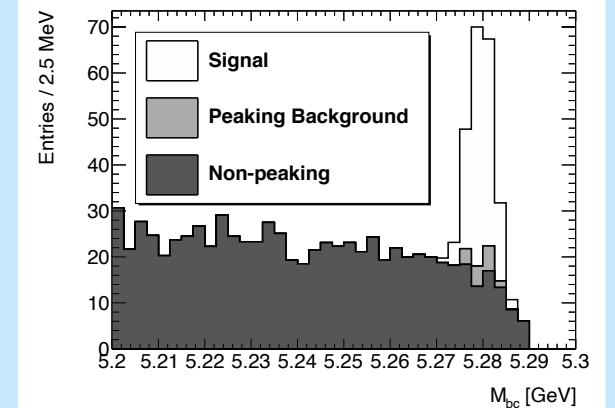
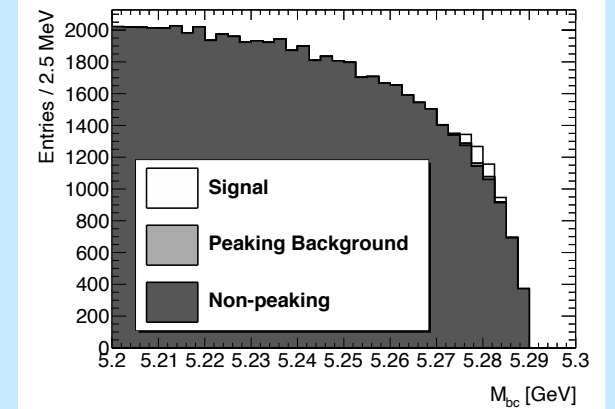
e : More or
 μ : Less ???

Observables ?	$R_{\textcircled{?}} \equiv \frac{\text{Br} \left[B \rightarrow \textcircled{?} \mu^+ \mu^- \right]}{\text{Br} \left[B \rightarrow \textcircled{?} e^+ e^- \right]}$ <i>Test LFU</i>	$\text{Br} \left[B \rightarrow \textcircled{?} \mu^+ \mu^- \right]$ & $\text{Br} \left[B \rightarrow \textcircled{?} e^+ e^- \right]$ <i>Determine a model</i>
K, K^*	Theoretical uncertainty : ~1% → High accuracy test	Theoretical uncertainty : 20-50% → Not accurate enough
$X_s K, K\pi, K\pi\pi, \dots$	Theoretical uncertainty : ~1% → High accuracy test	Theoretical uncertainty : ~10% → High accuracy test

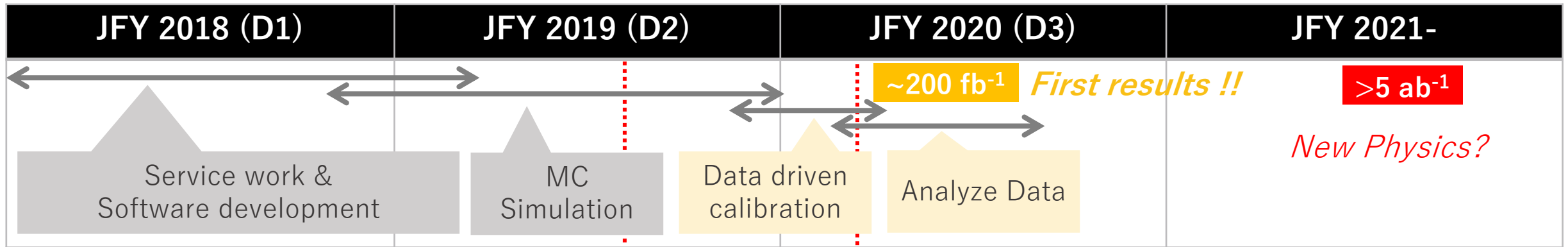


❑ Established the analysis method with MC simulation.

- Reconstruction of $B \rightarrow X_S l^+ l^-$ from 40 final states.
 - $X_S \rightarrow K n \pi$ ($0 \leq n \leq 4$), $3K$. $l = e, \mu$
- Background suppression with a machine learning technics.
 - Employed Boosted Decision Tree (BDT)
 - 54.3% of signal are kept, while 99.4% of backgrounds are rejected. (Comparison between right two figures)
- Estimation of sources of peaking background.
 - Signal yield is obtained by fitting $M_{bc} (= \sqrt{E_{beam}^2 - p_B^2})$.
 - Need to estimate peaking backgrounds.



M_{bc} distributions.
before(top)/after(bottom) BDT



□ Estimate and correct differences between data and MC.

- Correct reconstruction efficiency differences.
 - Use $B \rightarrow X_s J/\psi (\rightarrow l^+ l^-)$ as control samples.
- Estimate the shape and yield of peaking background in M_{bc} .
 - (e.g.) $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ mis-identified as $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$. Kinematics is very similar with signal, so they can have a peak on the M_{bc} distribution.

□ Analyze real data and measure $Br(B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-)$ and R_{X_s} .

- Fitter of M_{bc} is going to be prepared. The shapes of the M_{bc} distribution are determined from control data.
- **The first measurements in Belle II. The first measurement of R_{X_s} in the world !!**

GPPU activities

Points:

- GSP : 20, GASP : 1, GEP : 14.

Research trips : 57 days in total

▣ 8th January – 2nd February, 2019. DESY (Hamburg, Germany)

- Lepton ID systematics study with DESY colleagues as a service job.

▣ 15th May – 15th June, 2019, DESY (Hamburg, Germany)

- Software development for the reconstruction of $B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$

(plan, ~40 days?)

▣ 13th May - (still ongoing, ~30 days?), Indiana University (USA) Remotely.

- Discuss with theorists about the effects of the bremsstrahlung on results.

▣ 28th July – 5th Auguste (9 days) ICHEP (virtual)